

Security with Chains of Trust

Challenges

- Complex production processes of electronic components from different manufacturers
- Trust in manufacturers?

Manufacturing Quality

Functionality

Authenticity

Trustworthiness of electronic components affected by

- Strained supply chain
- Increasing number of cyber-threat scenarios

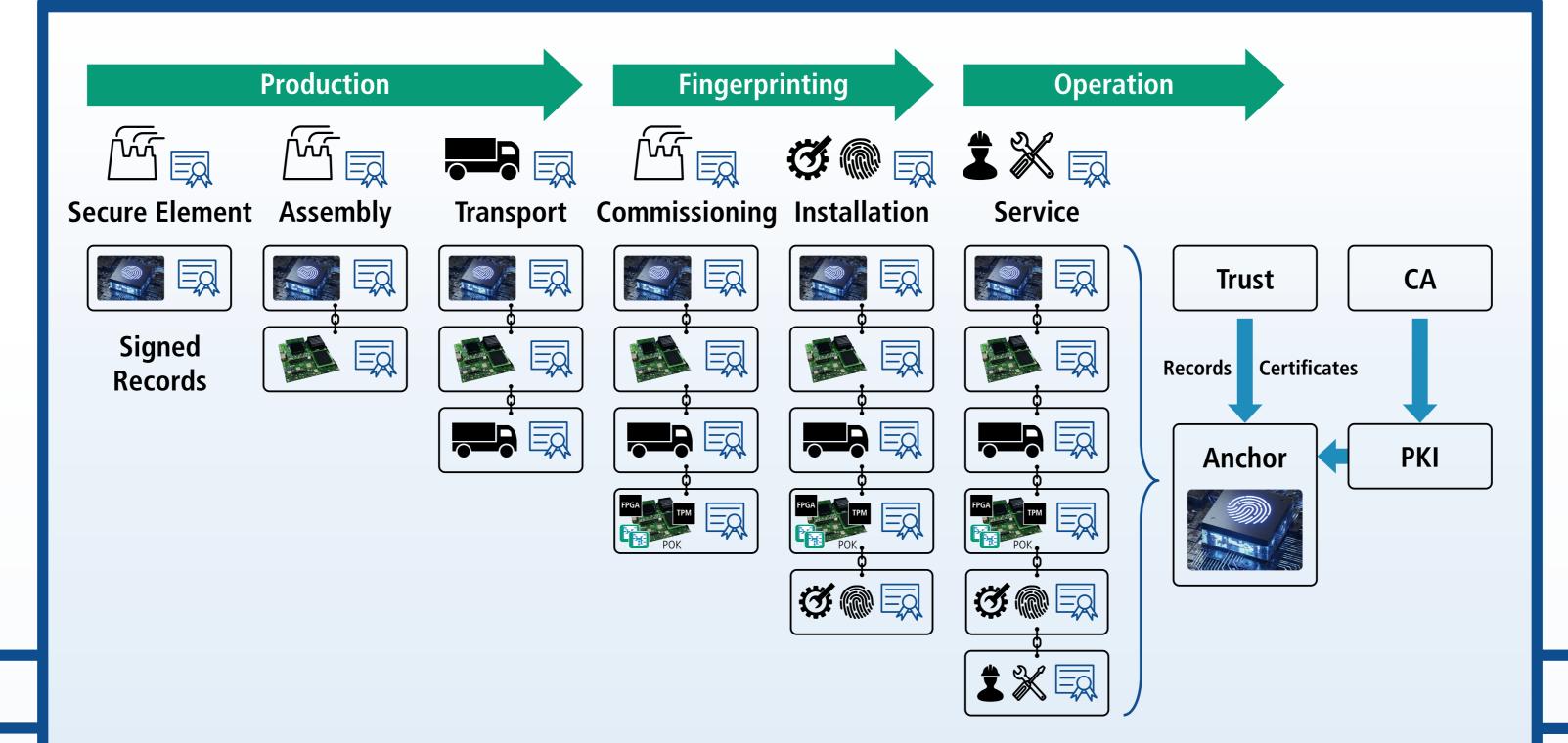
Chain of Trust (CoT)

- Recording production steps, commissioning process, and hardware characteristics
 - Cryptographically secured chains (CoT)
 - Safe storage in **Secure Element (SE)**

Goals

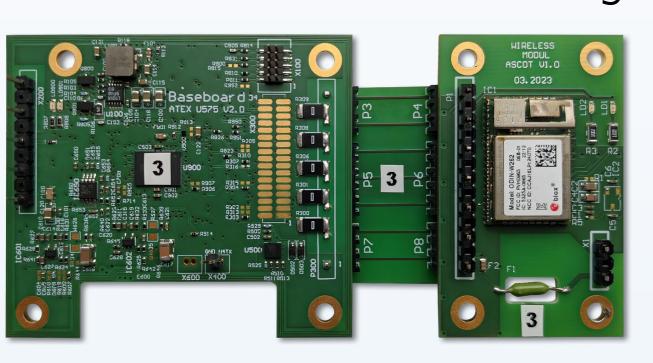
- Proof of integrity
- Remote attestation
- Component integrity assurance
- Continous verification of trustworthiness

Trusted Product Lifecycle Management



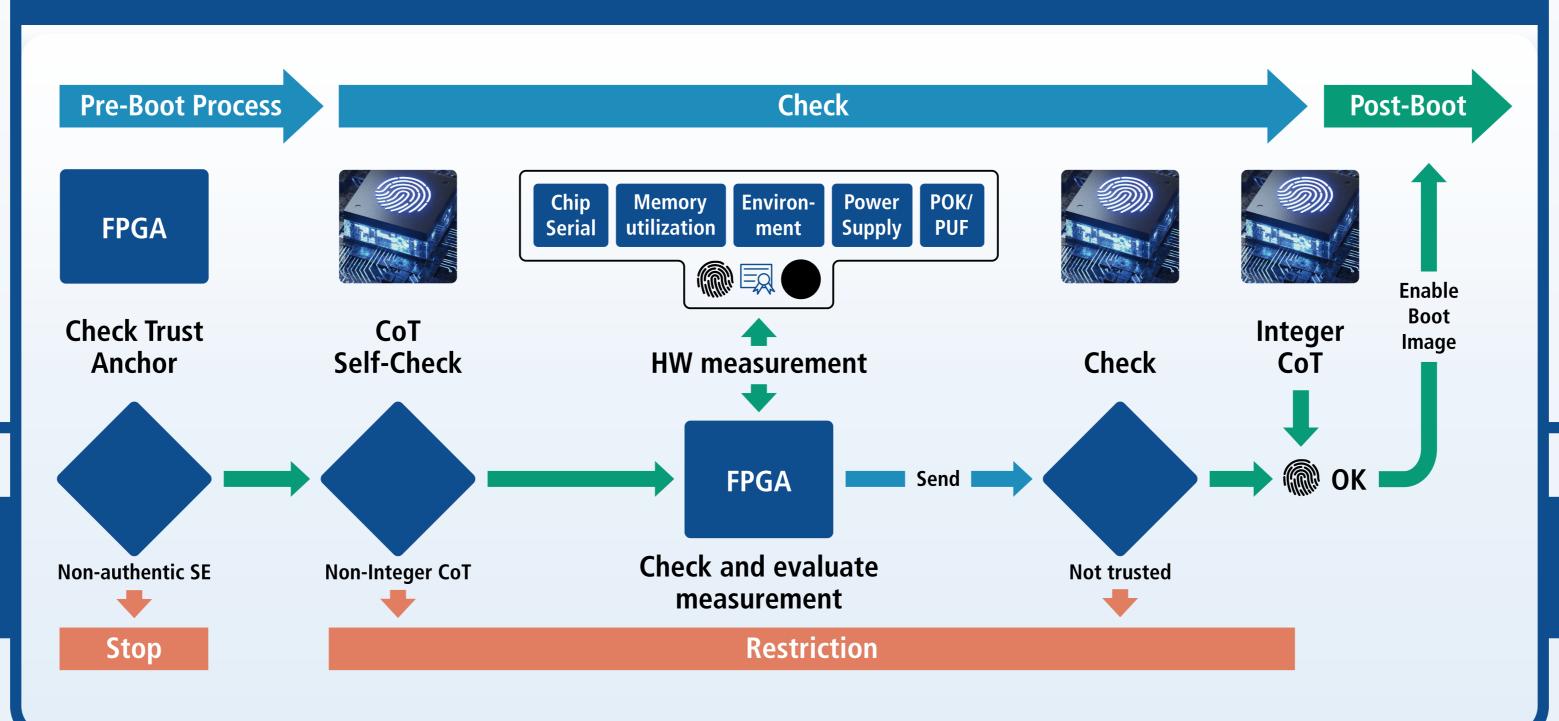
IoT Demonstrator

Industrial condition monitoring



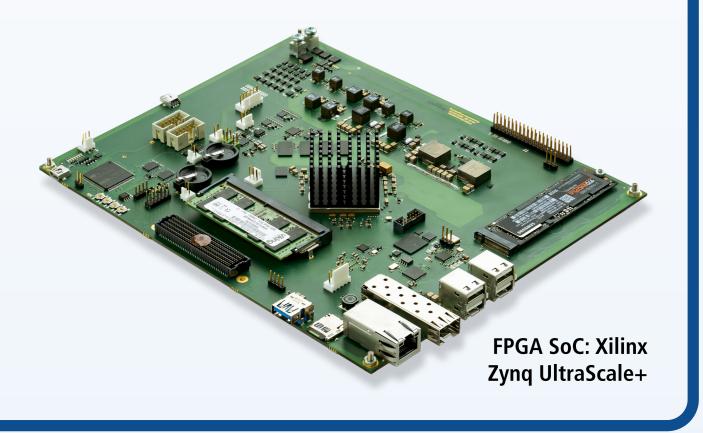
Microcontroller: STM32U575 Cortex

Trusted Boot



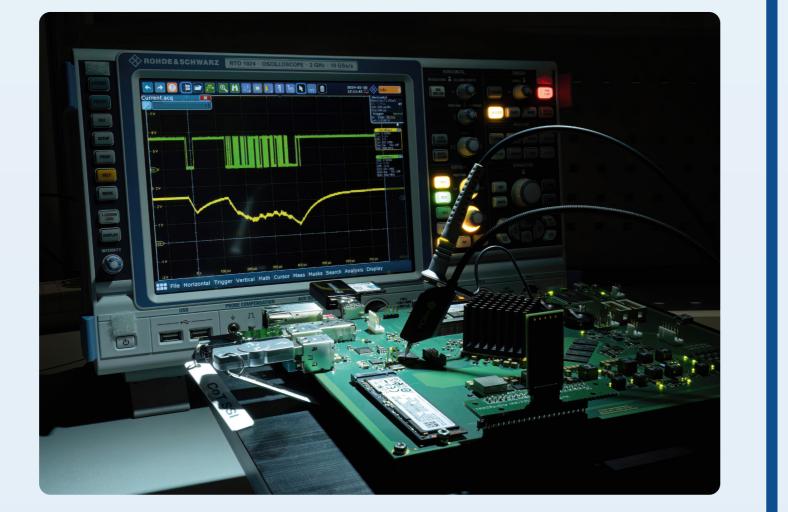
Edge Computing

Medical devices



Hardware Features

- Security Components TPM, POK, WIBU-SE
- Power Supply Monitoring 200 KSPS @16-bit: voltages and currents 65 MSPS @18 bit: bus analysis
- System Monitoring

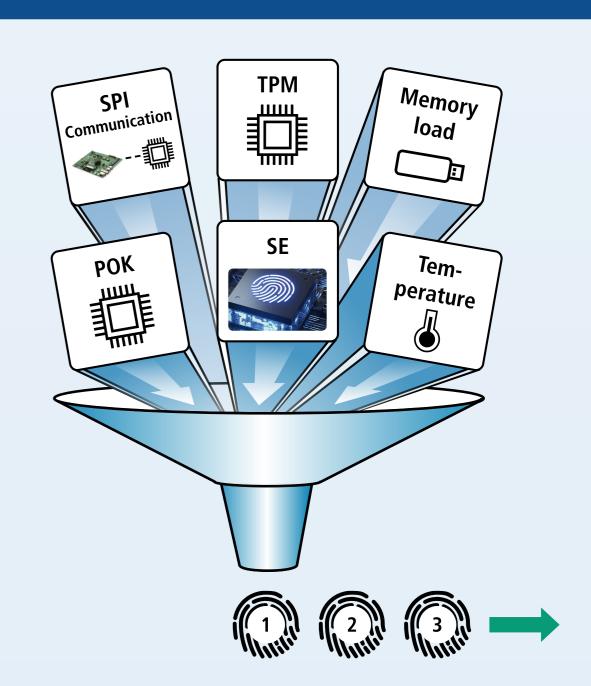


Uniquely identify assembly groups to detect manipulations, anomalies, and counterfeiting

Approaches

- Stochastical Analysis
- Machine Learning
- Fuzzy Extractor

Fingerprinting



Project Information

Volume

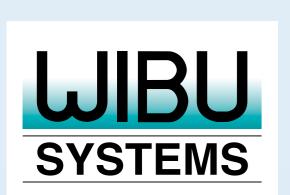
EUR 4,71 million

Project Duration

03/2021 - 02/2024 (extended until 12/2024)

Call

Trustworthy Electronics (ZEUS)













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